**Section 1**

HTML is the standard language used for creating websites or applications. HTML pages link to a CSS page which allows you to change the structural part of the web page. HTML is a constantly evolving language, it ever stays the same version for too long. The very first version of HTML was HTML 1.0 which was very limited in what it could do all you could really do was get simple text onto the screen. HTML has been in global use since 1990. Next in the line of versions for HTML would be HTML 2.0 which kept all the same features from 1.0 but added a few extras into the mix. HTML 2.0 was the standard for website design until January 1997 and it defined many core HTML features for the first time. The HTML 3.0 spec was discontinued as everything that was promised failed. 3.2 Pioneered he way in which we use HTML today all browsers supported it which made the “masters of the web “very happy because now they’re website will look the exact same on al browsers. HTML 4.0 came out with some minor bugs and hosted some of their earlier technology used in the earlier patches of the HTML system, these bugs where corrected and when doe so they called it HTML 4.01. Next came XHTML 1.0 which mainly brought a new set of coding rules. HTML 5.0 came blasting by causing XHTM to be discontinued, 5.0 was created by a bunch of programmers and specification writers They called themselves the Web Hypertext Application Technology Working Group ([**WHATWG**](http://www.whatwg.org/)),

CSS was first published in December 17th 1996. [Håkon Wium Lie](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/H%C3%A5kon_Wium_Lie) and [Bert Bos](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bert_Bos) are credited as the original developers. The first edition could do font properties such as typeface t could also do colour of text, background colour and other elements. You could align text put padding and borders around elements. This was called CSS 1, CSS 2 was a super set of CCS 1 there was so much more capabilities including absolute, relative and fixed positioning of elements. CCS 2.1 was mostly just brought along is a large single specification defining various features whereas CSS 3  is divided into several separate documents called "modules". As of June 2012, there are over fifty CSS modules published from the CSS Working Group.

I will now be explaining HTML tags and they’re attributes first I will start with <b> now this tag makes whatever word you put it in front and behind into bold text which is useful if you are trying to signify an important word. My next tag is <p> this tag tells us that what we are writing between open <p>and closed</p> is a paragraph and it will keep all of your writing together. Body is a really important one and is required in all web site developing the tag is <body> and that is where you will write your paragraphs and also inside your paragraphs is where you will use <b> (bold). My next tag is <title> which means whatever you write between the title open and end tag means it’s the title.

I will now talk about CSS properties and where I will use them, my first property is background-color this allows me to change the colour of the whole back canvas of my website. Text-align is another and I use a lot because it aligns my text horizontally to exactly where I want them. Font-size is another I will use as it allows me to declare the size of my writing. Last but not least box-sizing which allows me to define the width and height of this specific box.

The currently and most available and easy to use would be note++ which is brilliant to work with to build a website everything is clear and it tell you when you have any errors. And a great development for editing tools would W3Schools which is sort of like a free online handbook that gives intense detail on how to build a web page.